

TO CAUSE A HAZARD IN THE USE, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF THIS SUBSTANCE IS AN OFFENCE PRECAUTIONS

1. Handle with care. Avoid splashing and contact with eyes, nose and mouth.
2. Poisonous by swallowing, inhalation and contact with skin.
3. **WEAR FULL PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)** i.e. rubber gloves, rubber boots, overalls, hood, goggles and respirator when preparing and using with this product.
4. **KEEP APART FROM FOOD AND FOOD STUFFS.**
5. **DO NOT** eat, drink or smoke while preparing and applying this product.
6. On completion of spraying remove personal protective clothing, wash face, hands and body with soap and running water before engaging in any activities.
7. **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND UNIFORMED PERSONS.**
8. Dangerous to livestock and domestic pets. Dangerous to aquatic organisms.
9. Store in the original container and **KEEP UNDER LOCK AND KEY.**
10. **DO NOT** contaminate drinking pools, streams, water bodies with the chemical or empty containers.
11. Prevent drift onto other crops and areas not under treatment.

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:

No specific symptoms of poisoning. Over-exposure to the product or swallowing excessive amounts may cause irritation.

FIRST AID:

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. If not breathing properly, give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and launder. Wash thoroughly with soap and running water.

Eye contact: Flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion: If swallowed, wash the mouth with water provided person is conscious. Induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention immediately.

Call Drug and Toxicology Information Services (DATIS) on +263242307148/+26378610098 for more information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Antidote: There is no specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

EMPTY CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Invert the container over the spray tank or mixing tank. Allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter, rinse the container three times with a volume of water to a minimum of 25% of the container. Add the rinsate to the contents of the spray tank. Destroy the empty container by perforation and flattening. **DO NOT** use for any other purposes. If possible, offer the container for recycling and reuse.

CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

After use, ensure traces of Prozole 250 EC are removed. Use the following method:

- a) Drain and rinse tank, spray boom and hoses with clean water for at least 10 minutes (rinse at least 3 times).
- b) Fill tank with clean water and add to it 1 liter of household bleach (Sodium hydrochlorite, 5%), or 1.5 liter household bleach (sodium hypochlorite 3.5%) per 200 liters of water. Rinse hoses and spray boom and leave in tank for 15 minutes whilst agitating. Drain through nozzle outlets.
- c) Repeat step (b) and after that, rinse thoroughly with water. Dispose of the wash water safely in a collection sump where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers, dams and boreholes.

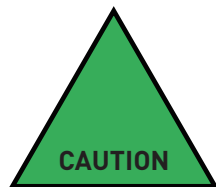
WARRANTY:

The excellent results which this chemical normally yields are not however warranted or guaranteed as the effectiveness can be greatly influenced by factors outside the control of either the manufacturer or the distributor. No warranty whatsoever expressed or implied is therefore given concerning the effectiveness of this chemical. Any responsibility is specifically excluded for any damage, injury or loss of any kind of loss during or resulting from its handling, use or storage whether or not such has been in accordance with label directions.

PROZOLE 250 EC

Reg. No.:
24-B-51-30

CONTENTS:
1L



HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED

Composition:.....mass/volume

Propiconazole:.....250 g/l
Inert ingredients:.....750 g/l

Chemical group: triazole

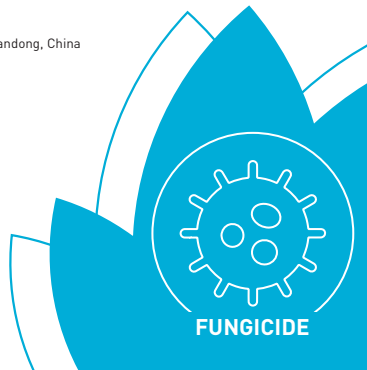
A systemic fungicide for the control of eyespot, powdery mildew, leaf rust and other diseases indicated in Wheat, leaf spot, leaf blotch, leaf rust and powdery mildew in Barley and leaf mold in Tomato.

Manufactured by:
Shandong Weifang Rainbow Chemical Co., Ltd.
Binhai Economic Development Area, Weifang, Shandong, China
Tel: +86-531-88875222, 88875231

Distributed By:
Trowbar Enterprises (PVT) LTD. T/A MAGUIRES
196 Harare Drive, Borrowdale, Harare, Zimbabwe
+263 (0)242 852 131

Shelf Life: Two years from manufactured date if stored in a cool dry place in original unopened container.

Date of Manufacture:
Expiry Date:
Batch No.:



DIRECTION FOR USE: USE AS DIRECTED.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Half fill the spray container with clean water. Add the required amount of Prozole 250 EC to the spray container and top up with water to the required volume while agitating continuously.

Use the prepared mixture immediately. **DO NOT** prepare more spray mixture than is needed for immediate application. **DO NOT** allow to stand overnight.

APPLICATION RATES:

| Disease | Dosage | Application directions |
|--|---|---|
| WHEAT | | |
| Eyespot <i>[Pseudocercospora herpichoides]</i> | Ground application: 500 mL/ha 16L knapsack sprayer: 80ML | Apply during the elongation stages up to the formation of the 2nd node (GS 9-14*). DO NOT apply after GS 14* for eyespot control. |
| Speckled leaf blotch <i>[Septoria tritici]</i> Glume blotch <i>[Septoria nodorum]</i> Powdery mildew <i>[Erysiphe graminis]</i> | Aerial application: 500-600 mL/ha | Use the 3rd leaf as indicator. Apply before more than 5 % of the surface of this leaf is infected. Optimum time for application is GS 16-20*. |
| Leaf rust <i>[Puccinia recondita]</i> Yellow rust <i>[Puccinia striiformis]</i> | | Apply at first signs of disease. Note: Where a second application is justified a dosage rate of 400 mL/ha is recommended for ground and aerial application. |
| Karnal bunt <i>[Neovossia indica syn. Tilletia indica]</i> | Ground application: 500 mL/ha 16L knapsack sprayer: 80mL Aerial application: 600 mL/ha | Apply at 25% main ear appearance. Ensure that all plant parts are thoroughly covered. Follow-up with a second application 10 days later. Combine fungicide treatment with other disease management practices that will reduce the risk of infection. Uneven ear emergence and/or flowering may influence the success of fungicide treatment. |
| BARLEY | | |
| Leaf spot <i>[Rhynchosporium secalis]</i> Leaf blotch <i>[Pyrenophora teres]</i> Leaf rust <i>[Puccinia hordei]</i> Powdery mildew <i>[Erysiphe graminis]</i> | Ground application: 500 mL/ha 16L knapsack sprayer: 80mL Aerial application: 500 mL/ha | Leaf spot is best controlled by an application made between the 7th and flag leaf stages (GS 12-18*). Where two applications are justified (e.g. where leaf blotch develops after the first application or where <i>Rhynchosporium</i> disease pressure is high) it will be beneficial to make a second application 18 to 21 days later. Where a second application is justified a dosage rate of 400 mL/ha is recommended. |
| TOMATO | | |
| Leaf mold <i>[Fulvia fulva(Cooke) Cif]</i> | 500mL/ha 16L knapsack sprayer: 80mL | Apply at least 100 L water per hectare. |

* Growth stage (GS) according to the Department of Agronomy and Pastures, Faculty of Agricultural Science, University of Stellenbosch.

PRE-HARVEST INTERVAL (PHI):

Wheat, Barley:.....40days

RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT enter the treated area for at least 24 hours after treatment.

COMPATIBILITY

Compatible with most of the commonly used pesticides and other crop protection products. However all mixtures should be tested prior to field application.